

Volunteer Services

EMTALA: What You Need to Know Post-test

Name:	Date:	Score:

- 1) EMTALA stipulates that:
 - a) Hospitals must cure every patient who presents
 - b) Hospitals may manage their capacity by directing patients to other facilities
 - c) Any person who presents stating they have an emergency medical condition will be given a medical screening exam by a qualified medical provider
 - d) If a hospital cannot care for a particular condition, such as a burn, they may immediately refer the patient to the correct facility before initiating care
- 2) At NHRMC, qualified medical providers are:
 - a) Any RN
 - b) ED RN's who have met the qualifications to be assigned to "point triage"
 - c) MD's, NP's or PA's
 - d) Specially trained screener RN's
- 3) A hospital's EMTALA obligation exists how far around the main campus buildings:
 - a) 250 yards
 - b) If the patient is not in the building, EMTALA has not triggered
 - c) 100 feet
 - d) EMTALA only gets triggered when the patient arrives at triage or by EMS
- 4) It is a very busy afternoon in the ED and wait times are long. A disgruntled patient approaches the triage nurse demanding to be seen immediately. Which of the following is the appropriate response:
 - a) "Let me check the tracking board. It may be quicker for you to be seen at one of our other ED's."
 - b) "There is an urgent care center within a couple of miles of here. Since you have insurance, you could go there."
 - c) "I am sorry for the wait. Do you feel that your condition has changed? I would be happy to complete another assessment."
 - d) "If you had a real emergency, we would have already had you in the back."

- 5) Please select ALL of the possible penalties for substantiated EMTALA violations:
 - a) Terminating a hospital's participation in Medicare
 - b) \$50,000 fine for hospitals
 - c) Revocation of hospital's license
 - d) \$50,000 fine for physicians